

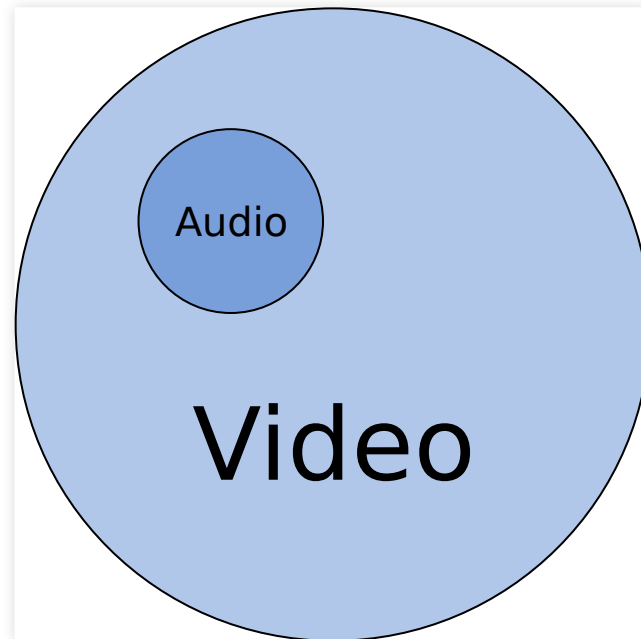
# **Digital Audiovisual Properties**

## **Advanced**

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# Audio vs. Video



# Aspect Ratio

*Most people only mean/know the  
"Display Aspect Ratio" (DAR).*

- 4:3
- 16:9
- 5:4

# DAR... SAR? PAR!

- DAR: **Display** Aspect Ratio
- SAR: **Storage** Aspect Ratio
- PAR: **Pixel** Aspect Ratio

# DAR... SAR? PAR!

- DAR: **Display** Aspect Ratio
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Formula:  $\text{DAR} = \text{SAR} \times \text{PAR}$

# Letterbox



# Pillarbox



# Windowbox





# Anamorphic Video

Format	DAR	SAR	Resolution
Digibeta	16:9	5:4	720 x 576
HDV	16:9	4:3	1440 x 1080

# Good to know

*DVD SAR = 5:4*

*So 16:9 is either letterboxed or  
anamorphic.*

*HD is always DAR=16:9*

*4:3 in HD is impossible without editing.*

# Links

- [Aspect Ratio \(image\) \[Wikipedia\]](#)
- [Pixel Aspect Ratio \[Wikipedia\]](#)

# Interlacing

- 2 fields in one frame
- Field: half of vertical resolution
- Field: twice the time resolution





# Top Field





# Bottom Field





# Links

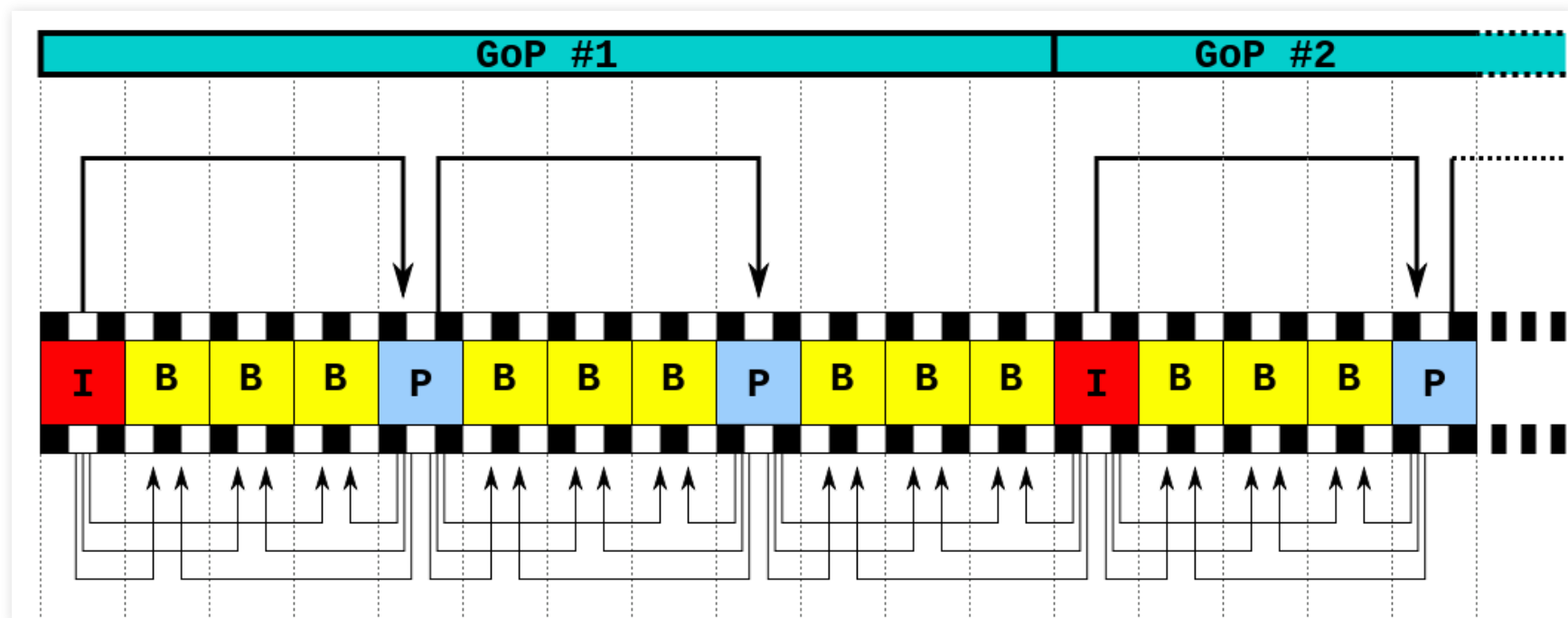
- [Wikipedia: "Interlaced Video"](#)
- [Videolan Wiki: "Deinterlacing"](#)
- [100fps.org: "What is Deinterlacing? Facts, solutions, examples."](#)
- [Lair Of The Multimedia Guru: "Deinterlacing filters"](#)

# **GOP: Group Of Pictures**

The GOP is a group of pictures in a video that are depending on each other.

# GOP Frametypes

- **[I]ntra:**  
Independently encoded single frame (aka "keyframe")
- **[P]redictive-coded:**  
Difference-informations to previous I- or P-Frame.
- **[B]idirectional predictive-coded:**  
Difference-informations to previous *and/or subsequent* I- or P-Frame.



# GOP and Recording

- Recording *should* be done with  $GOP=1$ .
- This means:  
only I-Frames (=no dependencies between frames).

# GOP and Editing

- With  $GOP = 1$ : No issues.
- With  $GOP > 1$ : Watch out!

btw: Some programs are able to perform "GOP-aware" cuts

# Links

- [Wikipedia: "Group of Pictures"](#)

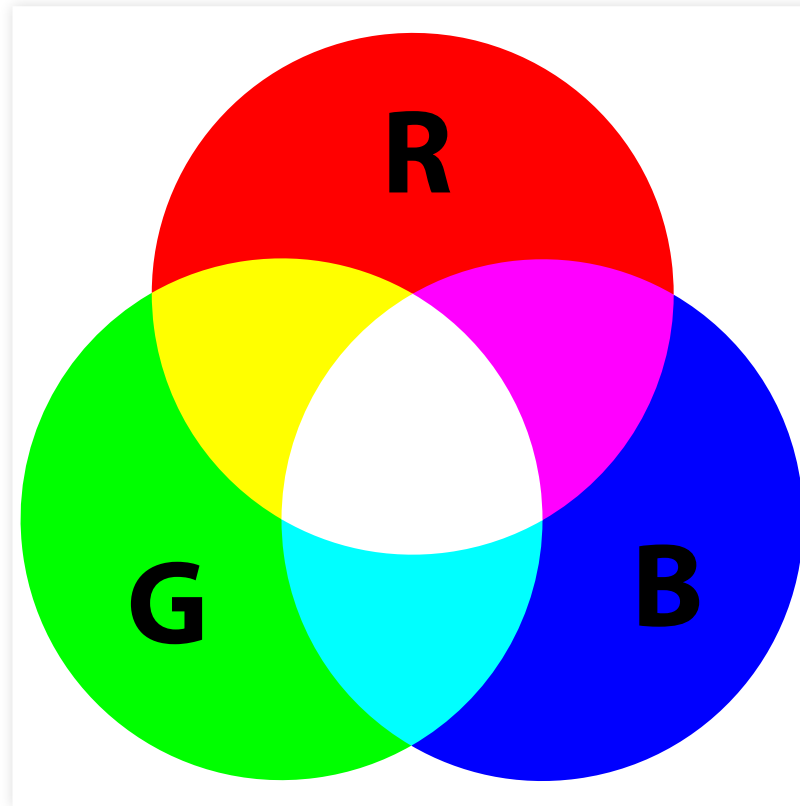
# Color models

- **RGB** (Red-Green-Blue)
- **YUV** (Luma/Chroma)

Note: Those are just 2 for video. There are more...



# Color Model: RGB



# Color Model: YUV



**Bits Per Component/Sample**

# Color Components

- RGB: Red, Green, Blue
- YUV: Y', Cb, Cr

# Bits Per Component/Sample

BPC	Gray shades	Pixel	Byte(s)
8	$2^8 = [0..255]$	24 Bits	3 Bytes
10	$2^{10} = [0..1023]$	30 Bits	6 4 Bytes
16	$2^{16} = [0..65535]$	48 Bits	6 Bytes

# Chroma Subsampling

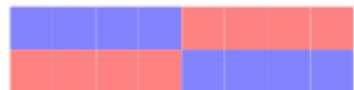
*The color information in YUV is stored in a reduced resolution.*

*This principle originates from analog transmission and was kept in digital, because it allows smaller data sizes.*

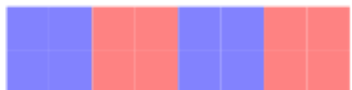
# "J:a:b" Notation

- J:** Horiz. sampling reference (usually "4").
- a:** Number of color samples in 1st row of J pixels.
- b:** Number of change in color samples between 1st / 2nd row of J pixels.

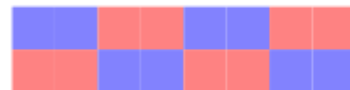
# Chroma Subsampling



4:1:1



4:2:0



4:2:2



4:4:4



# Confusion / FUD?

## Unrivalled Video Quality

DeckLink lets you work with compressed video formats such as ProRes and DNxHD as well as 10-bit uncompressed video. When working with uncompressed video, all images are a mathematically perfect pixel-for-pixel clone of the source, without any generational loss, so you have the confidence you're working at the absolute highest quality possible.

Get sharper keying with green screens, cleaner compositions, superior color correction and more! Support for industry leading file formats ensures that you can maintain high quality throughout post production should you need to use video compression.



Source (22.Dec.2013)  
<http://www.blackmagicdesign.com/products/decklink>  
<http://www.blackmagicdesign.com/media/5278706/quality.jpg>

# Diskspace

BPC	Subsampling	Speicherplatz
8	4:2:2	1.16 / 1.74 GB
10	4:2:2	1.45 / 2.17 GB
16	4:2:2	2.32 / 3.48 GB

# Links

- [Wikipedia: "Chroma subsampling"](#)
- [Wikipedia: "YCbCr"](#)
- [Wikipedia "RGB color model"](#)

# Questions?

[Back to index](#)